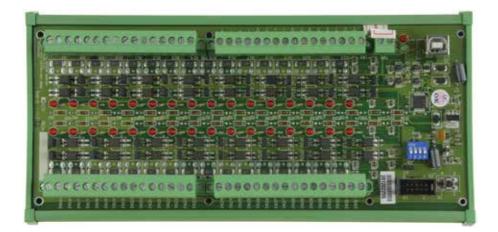
USB-I/O Manual



UHO-32 - DIN-Rail-Version

UPO-32 - Board-Version

32 photo couple input



DECISION-COMPUTER Jürgen Merz e.K. Lengericher Str. 21 49536 Lienen Telefon +49 (0)5483-77002 Telefax +49 (0)5483-77003 http://www.decision-computer.de



Data

Product Code: AUSB32PHOTO - USB 32 PHOTO ISO. INPUT BOARD UHO-32 - DIN-Rail-version UPO-32 - Board-version

Bus: USB 2.0

Description: 32 photo couple input channels

Input maximum load voltage is 30V

By jumper, you can select two range of voltage 0 - 4.5V off and 6V - 20V on. (0 - 20V) 0 - 16.5V off and 18 - 30V on (0 - 30V)

PC817 photo couple chips. 5000V isolation voltage

32 LED correspond to I/O ports activation status Connections via Pluggable Screw Terminals

Features:

For direct DIN-Rail mounting Also as board without DIN Rail adapter available

High Speed 8051 µC Core USB 2.0 Function Controller Support USB ID 0~14 SET

POWER External DC+5V 1A

Software/Driver:

Windows-XP, Vista, Win-7/8 will use HID-interface and sample for programming, Linux driver and sample for programming.

Package includes the following items:

USB 32Photo Board USB cable Software and Manual CD The DIN-Rail-version comes with a EMI-Protection-kit This kit is optional in the board-version!

Operating temperature range: $0 \sim 55C$. Relative humidity rage: $0 \sim 90\%$. Size: 250 mm x 120 mm x 55 mm

Security Note

This device should not be used in applications where failure may result in death or injury without proper consideration and design of associated system architecture and redundant safety features. Connection and repairs are allowed only by a specialist.

When used in a machine or plant, is to ensure that after installation continues to the relevant provisions, rules and guidelines are complied with!

These products come into contact voltage, therefore to consider the applicable VDE regulations VDE 0550 / 0551, VDE 0700, VDE 0711, especially VDE 0100 and VDE 0860.

J1 USB Connection USB-B A suitable cable is included

VCC	+5 VDC (USB VBUS POWER)
D-	Data -
D+	Data +
SGND	Signal Ground



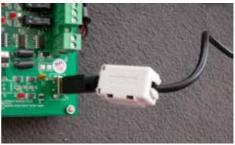
USB wiring is very sensitive against EMI errors (mainly sparking when opening contacts). The U-EMI-1 Kit is included with the DIN rail version and includes two Würth folded cores for the USB data cable and a Ferrite sleeve for the power cable. If you are using a HUB, it should be protected the connection HUB/computer (U-EMI-2)! The kit includes two Würth folded cores for the USB data cable.

The cores must be mounted as shown in the illustrations, as close as possible on the connectors.

But also the avoidance of errors is very important. Therefore, the careful layout and installation of the wiring is very important!



Folding core on the USB cable to the computer



Folding core on the USB cable to the USB IO 1 or 2 x through the core



TB5-	External 5	SV DC
1	EXT+V	5V+
2	SGND	5V-

MAX 5,2V - higher Voltage can kill the CPU!

Ferrite sleeve on the power supply cable

The power-supply of our products must be 5V external DC. It is to pay attention to correct polarity. Otherwise, the product could be damaged. If the board is by wrong power supply except function, you can try new store the firmware.

The U-EMI-1 Kit is included with the DIN rail version, and includes ferrite sleeve, shielded by EMI for the power cable. Are shown on the image above.

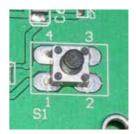
For earlier versions of the Decision-USB IO was also the possibility of the power supply via the USB bus. To get greater stability, this connection was removed. The USB bus power is not always able to provide enough power for the Relais switched on! The result is a loss of connection or "hanging" USB module. An external power supply provides a secure power supply!

USB Power Management in Windows - In Window System, USB communication might disconnect under Power Saving Mode or Sleep Mode. When connecting USB boards on PC, please make sure windows power management set in case interference with USB communication.

Power Supply - TB5

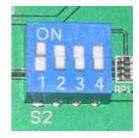
S1 Reset Button

To reset the "hanging" USB-Module



S2 USB ID Set different ID for each board

1	2	3	4	Card ID
ON	ON	ON	ON	
OFF	ON	ON	ON	14
ON	OFF	ON	ON	13
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	12
ON	ON	OFF	ON	11
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	10
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	9
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	8
ON	ON	ON	OFF	7
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	6
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	5
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	4
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	3
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	2
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	1
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	0



Multiple Boards Connect

When you need to connect more than 3 boards on one PC, please make sure the following below

- 1. Set different ID for each board.
- 2. Supply external 5V to each USB board.
- 3. Supply external 5V to USB hub.

Please make sure your external 5V power supply enough for the USB I/O boards. If input voltage is below 4.8V for USB I/O board, it can't work normally and sometimes it will cause device manager keeping refreshing itself or can't recognize the device.

TB 1 - 4 ISOLATOR Input Ports

Pin	Signal	Description - TB2
1	IN0+	Opto-isolator Ch. 00 + Input
2	IN0-	Opto-isolator Ch. 00 - Input
3	IN1+	Opto-isolator Ch. 01 + Input
4	IN1-	Opto-isolator Ch. 01- Input
5	IN2+	Opto-isolator Ch. 02 + Input
6	IN2-	Opto-isolator Ch. 02 - Input
7	IN3+	Opto-isolator Ch. 03 + Input
8	IN3-	Opto-isolator Ch. 03 - Input
9	IN4+	Opto-isolator Ch. 04 + Input
10	IN4-	Opto-isolator Ch. 04 - Input
11	IN5+	Opto-isolator Ch. 05 + Input
12	IN5-	Opto-isolator Ch. 05 - Input
13	IN6+	Opto-isolator Ch. 06 + Input
14	IN6-	Opto-isolator Ch. 06 - Input
15	IN7+	Opto-isolator Ch. 07 + Input
16	IN7-	Opto-isolator Ch. 07 - Input

Pin	Signal	Description - TB3
1	IN8+	Opto-isolator Ch. 08 + Input
2	IN8-	Opto-isolator Ch. 08 - Input
3	IN9+	Opto-isolator Ch. 09 + Input
4	IN9-	Opto-isolator Ch. 09 - Input
5	IN10+	Opto-isolator Ch. 10 + Input
6	IN10-	Opto-isolator Ch. 10 - Input
7	IN11+	Opto-isolator Ch. 11 + Input
8	IN11-	Opto-isolator Ch. 11 - Input
9	IN12+	Opto-isolator Ch. 12 + Input
10	IN12-	Opto-isolator Ch. 13 - Input
11	IN13+	Opto-isolator Ch. 14 + Input
12	IN13-	Opto-isolator Ch. 14 - Input
13	IN14+	Opto-isolator Ch. 14 + Input
14	IN14-	Opto-isolator Ch. 14- Input
15	IN15+	Opto-isolator Ch. 15+ Input
16	IN15-	Opto-isolator Ch. 15 - Input

Pin	Signal	Description - TB1
1	IN16+	Opto-isolator Ch. 16 + Input
2	IN16-	Opto-isolator Ch. 16 - Input
3	IN17+	Opto-isolator Ch. 17 + Input
4	IN17-	Opto-isolator Ch. 17 - Input
5	IN18+	Opto-isolator Ch. 18 + Input
6	IN18-	Opto-isolator Ch. 18 - Input
7	IN19+	Opto-isolator Ch. 19 + Input
8	IN19-	Opto-isolator Ch. 19 - Input
9	IN20+	Opto-isolator Ch. 20 + Input
10	IN20-	Opto-isolator Ch. 20 - Input
11	IN21+	Opto-isolator Ch. 21 + Input
12	IN21-	Opto-isolator Ch. 21 - Input
13	IN22+	Opto-isolator Ch. 22 + Input
14	IN22-	Opto-isolator Ch. 22 - Input
15	IN23+	Opto-isolator Ch. 23 + Input
16	IN23-	Opto-isolator Ch. 23 - Input

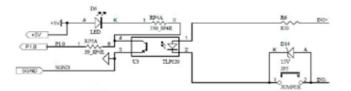
Pin	Signal	Description - TB4
1	IN24+	Opto-isolator Ch. 24 + Input
2	IN24-	Opto-isolator Ch. 24 - Input
3	IN25+	Opto-isolator Ch. 25 + Input
4	IN25-	Opto-isolator Ch. 25 - Input
5	IN26+	Opto-isolator Ch. 26 + Input
6	IN26-	Opto-isolator Ch. 26 - Input
7	IN27+	Opto-isolator Ch.27 + Input
8	IN27-	Opto-isolator Ch. 27 - Input
9	IN28+	Opto-isolator Ch. 28 + Input
10	IN28-	Opto-isolator Ch. 28 - Input
11	IN29+	Opto-isolator Ch. 29 + Input
12	IN29-	Opto-isolator Ch. 29 - Input
13	IN30+	Opto-isolator Ch. 30 + Input
14	IN30-	Opto-isolator Ch. 30 - Input
15	IN31+	Opto-isolator Ch. 31 + Input
16	IN31-	Opto-isolator Ch. 31 - Input

ISOLATOR Input SET JP3 to JP18

The JP3 is used to select voltage signal opto+ and opto- range of photo couple input channel 1, and the JP4 is used to select voltage signal range of photo input channel 2, ...etc. When we short the jumper, the input voltage range is 0 to 20V, and open the jumper means input voltage range is 0 to 30V

Jumper	Input Range	Inactive Voltage	Active Voltage
Short	0 to 30V	0 to 1.5V	3 to 20V
Open	0 to 20V	0 to 16.5V	18 to 30V

Schematic Input Ports



Strong electromagnetic sources, such as power lines, large electric motors, switches, or welders can cause strong electromagnetic interference. Video monitors and cables are strong sources of interference.

If the cable must be led by an area with significant electromagnetic interference, shielded cables with grounding on the source should be used.

Avoid placing your cable parallel to a high-voltage line! to minimize adverse effects, insert the cable at right angle to the power line.

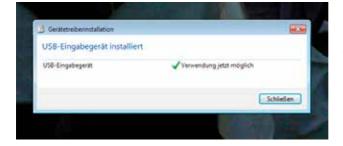
Installation

The decision-computer USB devices use the HID (human interface device). The HID belongs to the generic device class is integrated in the operating system. If a new HID device is connected, no driver installation is required. The functions for access and control of HID hid.dll you can find in the Windows System32 folder.

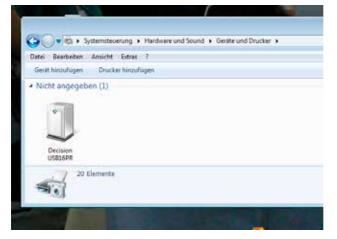
Windows 7 installation example



- 1. Power supply 5V connect
- 2. USB connect
- 3. USB input device device driver software is successfully installed



4. USB input device - use now possible



5. In the Control Panel, you can find the Decision-USB module now

6. Ready to use

SOFTWARE PROGRAMMING UNDER WINDOWS AND LINUX

On Windows, we offer a function library and dll file as programming help. See the manual "USBDII_Manual.pdf" and demo code in VB/VC / Delphi on the decision-Studio CD.

We offer a C-source Linux users for direct access to the USB devices. See "Dcihid 0.5.1.tgz" manual and example.

DIAGNOSTICS UNDER WINDOWS/XP

USB test Program.exe is a diagnostic tool to test USB devices on Windows/XP. The USB test software can be found on the decision-Studio CD.

The examples and drivers be developed continuously. See the latest on the decision-computer-Merz "Service CD".

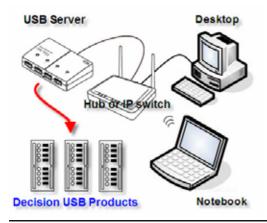
An important way to get more informations you find at http://www.usb-industrial.com

Software support on the short way: http://www.usb-industrial.com/support.html

USB Industrial.com Overview:

Windows Support	2010/04 USBDII.dll 2.0.0.4	This package includes Dynamic-link library which is developed by De- cision Computer to communicate with the USB Series Device. It can be included in multiple computer language (VB6, VC6, VB.NET, C# Delphi) under Windows.
Watchdog Timer		This watchdog timer is a kind of software timer that triggers a system reset or other corrective action if the main program, due to some fault condition. The intention is to bring the system back from the unresponsive state into normal operation. This function is new released and please contact us to get further information.
VCP driver	(For LABKIT Only)	Virtual COM port (VCP) drivers cause the USB device to appear as an additional COM port available to the PC. Application software can access the USB device in the same way as it would access a standard COM port. This function is only implemented in USBLABKIT
Linux Support	dcihid - 0.5.1 Basic function library and demo program 2009.05.01	This package includes a c library and a demo program which is develo- ped by Decision Computer to communicate with the USB Series Device under Linux. It also includes a ReadMe file to demonstrate how to use it and package's format is .tgz.
Firmware Update	Firmware Hex file Download	This Package includes a driver and a software which is developed by Decision Computer to update the newest firmware into the USB Series Device. When new version of firmware is released, user can follow the instructions to update the firmware.
LabVIEW Support	LabVIEW 8 LabVIEW 2009	This package includes manual and examples which demonstrate how to connect and develop USB Series Device under LabVIEW,which is a well-known platform and development environment for a visual program- ming language from NI.
ProfiLAB Support		This package includes manual and examples which demonstrate how to connect and develop USB Series Device under ProfiLAB, which is a well-known platform and development environment for a visual program- ming language from Abacom.
Init Value Setting Tool	(For Output Channel)	The Init Value Setting Tool is a software tool to set init value for output channel. User can use this tool to plan output channel as default high or default low when power on.
Data Acquisition and Remote Monitoring Tool		The Data Acquisition and Remote Monitoring Tool (DARMT) is a soft- ware tool to record high/low state reports at local computer, and transmit them to FTP site to achieve data acquisition and remote monitoring

USB by LAN or Wireless



The remote control of Decision USB products by LAN or wireless with a remote-PC is very simple with a multi port USB Server

Because no driver should be installed to the installation and programming is very easy.

Under Windows, are the external USB I/O directly in the Device Manager and can be connect or control such as in the original host PC.

The module is not recognized - troubleshooting

Should the USB module is no longer found by the computer's operating system, usually helps new plug or to change the USB port.

Can be also an unstable power supply. A switching power supply with sufficient reserve should be used

Should the previous notes remedy not usually it helps to replace the firmware!

Firmware Update Manual

USBBootloader.exe is the tool software to update firmware into the USB SerialDevice Board developed by Decision Computer. When you get a new version of firmware (.hex), you can follow the steps to update firmware to the board.

- 1. Remove the external input signal Voltage and only support device power.
- 2. Set Board Id 15 (All on) for Update Mode and press the Reset button.
- 3. Connect PC to the Board by USB
- 4. If this is the first to use this function, please indicate the driver install path to the Driver Folder to install the driver.

5. Open the Software USBBootloader.exe and press the Open button and indicate the hex file and then press the Download button to update firmware.

6. Set Board Id between 0 ~ 14 and press Reset button and connect PC again.

Communication JP1 - only option!

Some unused holes (2 x 5) for JP1 are located on the board. Here a serial port can be added at a special version, with an optional expansion board, RS-232 or RS-422/RS-485. The ports are controlled via the USB. Please contact us if necessary

PC817 Series

High Density Mounting Type Photocoupler

- Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC817UPC817P)
 TUV (VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

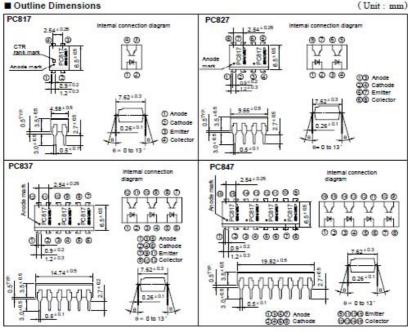
Features

- 1. Current transfer ratio
- (CTR: MIN. 50% at Ir = 5mA .Vcr=5V) 2. High isolation voltage between input and
- output (Van: 5000V ma) 3. Compact dual-in-line package
- PC817 : 1-channel type
 - PC827 : 2-channel type
 - PC837 : 3-channel type
 - PC847: 4-channel type
- 4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380

Outline Dimensions

Applications

- 1. Computer terminals
- 2. System appliances, measuring instruments
- 3. Registers, copiers, automatic vending machines
- 4. Electric home appliances, such as fan heaters, etc.
- 5. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



In the assence of continuation by device specification sheets. SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that occur in equipment using any of SHARP's devices, shown in cataloos. data books, etc. Contact GHARP in order to obtain the latest version of the device specification sheets before using any GHARP's device.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta= 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current	IF	50	mA
	*'Peak forward current	IPM	1	A
Input	Reverse voltage	VR	6	v
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	VCEO	35	v
0	Emitter-collector voltage	VECO	6	v
Output	Collector current	Ic	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	150	mW
	Total power dissipation	Ptot	200	mW
	*Isolation voltage	Viso	5 000	Vms
	Operating temperature	T opr	- 30 to + 100	•C
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	- 55 to + 125	°C
	*3Soldering temperature	T and	260	·c

*1 Pulse width ==100 µs, Duty ratio : 0.001 *2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

*3 For 10 seconds

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta= 25°C)

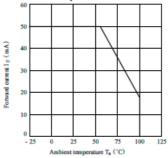
	Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage		VF	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	-	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Peak forward volta	ige	V _{PM}	$I_{PM} = 0.5A$	-	-	3.0	V
mpur	Reverse current		IR	$V_R = 4V$	-	-	10	μA
	Terminal capacita	ace	C,	V= 0, f= 1kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark cur	rent	ICEO	$V_{CE} = 20V$	-	-	10 - 7	A
	*Current transfer ra	tio	CTR	$I_F = 5 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	-	600	%
	Collector-emitter saturation	n voltage	V _{CE(mt)}	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}, I_C = 1 \text{mA}$	-	0.1	0.2	V
Transfer	Isolation resistance	e	R _{BO}	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	1011	-	Ω
charac-	Floating capacitan	ce	Cr	V= 0, f= 1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
teristics	Cut-off frequency		f	V _{cE} = 5V, I c = 2mA, R ₁ = 100 Ω, - 3dB	-	80	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	tr	$V_{CT} = 2V_{.}I_{.C} = 2mA_{.}R_{.L} = 100 \Omega_{.}$	-	4	18	μs
	response time	Fall time	tr	VG= 2V, 1C= 2MA, KL= 100Ω	-	3	18	μs

*4 Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below.

Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC817A	A	80 to 160
PC817B	В	130 to 260
PC817C	С	200 to 400
PC817D	D	300 to 600
PC8 7AB	A or B	80 to 260
PC8@7BC	B or C	130 to 400
PC8 07CD	C or D	200 to 600
PC8 #7AC	A, B or C	80 to 400
PC8 7BD	B, C or D	130 to 600
PC8 #7AD	A, B, C or D	80 to 600
PC8 7	A, B, C, D or No mark	50 to 600



Ambient Temperature



: 1 or 2 or 3 or 4

CE VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

APPLICANT	DESICION GROUP INC.	
ADDRESS	4 th Floor, No. 31, Alley 4, Lane 36, Sec. 5, Ming-Shen East Road, Taipei Postal code: 10576, Taiwan, R.O.C.	
EQUIPMENT	USB Automation I/O board	
MODEL NAME	AUSB series	
TRADE NAME		
REPORT NO.	WSCE1608014	
STANDARD(S)	EMI EN 55032 CLASS B: 2012 EN 61000-3-2: 2014 EN 61000-3-3: 2013	
	EMS EN 55024: 2010 IEC 61000-4-2 : 2008 IEC 61000-4-3 : 2006+A1: 2007+A2:2010 IEC 61000-4-4 : 2012 IEC 61000-4-5 : 2014 IEC 61000-4-6 : 2013 IEC 61000-4-8 : 2010	
	IEC 61000-4-11 : 2004	

The above equipment was tested by WEISHANG Certification Co., Ltd. for compliance with the requirements set forth in the EUROPEAN COUNCIL Directive 2014/30/EU and the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested: Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance.

Approved By:

Brian Yu / Manager

Issued Date: SEP. 06, 2016



WEISHANG Certification Corp. 12F-3, No.27-1, Ln. 169, Kangning St., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment :

Equipment : USB Automation I/O board

Model Name: AUSB series

Applicant: DESICION GROUP INC.

Address: 4th Floor, No. 31, Alley 4, Lane 36, Sec. 5, Ming-Shen East Road, Taipei Postal code: 10576, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Laws of the Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU). For the evaluation regarding the electromagnetic compatibility, the following standards were applied :

EN 55032 CLASS B: 2012 EN 61000-3-2: 2014 EN 61000-3-3: 2013

~~~~~~~~~~~

EN55024: 2010 IEC 61000-4-2: 2008 IEC 61000-4-3: 2006+A1: 2007+A2:2010 IEC 61000-4-4: 2012 IEC 61000-4-5: 2014 IEC 61000-4-6: 2013 IEC 61000-4-8: 2010 IEC 61000-4-11: 2004

The following manufacturer/importer is responsible for this declaration :

Person responsible for marking this declaration :

201609 (Place) (Date)



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#### A.2 Warranty Information

SmartLab warrants that for a period of one year from the date of purchase (unless otherwise specified in the warranty card) that the goods supplied will perform according to the specifications defined in the user manual. Furthermore that the SmartLab product will be supplied free from defects in materials and workmanship and be fully functional under normal usage.

In the event of the failure of a SmartLab product within the specified warranty period, SmartLab will, at its option, replace or repair the item at no additional charge. This limited warranty does not cover damage resulting from incorrect use, electrical interference, accident, or modification of the product.

All goods returned for warranty repair must have the serial number intact. Goods without serial numbers attached will not be covered by the warranty.

The purchaser must pay transportation costs for goods returned. Repaired goods will be dispatched at the expense of SmartLab.

To ensure that your SmartLab product is covered by the warranty provisions, it is necessary that you return the Warranty card.

Under this Limited Warranty, SmartLab's obligations will be limited to repair or replacement only, of goods found to be defective a specified above during the warranty period. SmartLab is not liable to the purchaser for any damages or losses of any kind, through the use of, or inability to use, the SmartLab product.

SmartLab reserves the right to determine what constitutes warranty repair or replacement.

Return Authorization: It is necessary that any returned goods are clearly marked with an RA number that has been issued by SmartLab. Goods returned without this authorization will not be attended to.

# USB Dynamic Industrial Interface V 2.0.1.9

# A Universal Application Programming Interface To Data Acquisition Products

# **Users Manual**

Design & Implementation by Decision Computer International Company

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2010/04/20

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# 1. Introduction

This document provides the USB Dynamic Industrial Interface Specifications, including all function calls, and operating procedures.

#### **Disclaimer:**

Decision Computer International Company (DECISION) cannot take responsibility for consequential damages caused by using this software. In no event shall DECISION be liable for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of business profits, business interruption, loss of business information, or any other pecuniary loss) arising out of the use of or inability to use this product, even if we have been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Trademark Acknowledgments:

Windows 98, Windows ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows 7, Visual Basic, Visual C++ are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

# 2. Features

The USB Dynamic Industrial Interface (USBDII) was created to provide a standard way to access the functionality provided by all USB data acquisition products. Specifically, the USBDII provides the following features:

#### Platform-independent

The library is compatible under Windows 98, Windows ME, Windows 2000, windows XP, Vista, and Win7. The compatibility under these operation systems guarantees that programs written for either operating system will work unchanged on the other, even without recompilation.

#### Abstracts Card Functionality from Card Design

The interface concentrates on a card's functionality and hides the user from having to know specifics about the card design, for example, which port needs to be accessed in order to access specific functionality. All details of the card implementation are hidden from the user.

#### **Multiple Device Support**

You could access device by its name or by its information (device type, id index).

#### **Programming Language Independent**

The library provides a language independent way to access the USB industrial I/O cards, by using a Dynamic-Library architecture.

# 3. Device Type Definition

Below are names for device types and its' corresponding defined value:

| USB_16PIO<br>USB_LABKIT<br>USB_16PR | 0x01<br>0x02<br>0x03 | // USB 16 Channel Photo Input / 16 Channel Photo Output Board<br>// USB LABKIT<br>// USB 16 Channel Photo Input / 16 Channel Relay Output Board |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| USB_STARTER                         | 0x04                 | // USB STARTER                                                                                                                                  |
| USB_8PR                             | 0x06                 | // USB 8 Channel Photo Input / 8 Channel Relay Output Board                                                                                     |
| USB_4PR                             | 0x07                 | // USB 4 Channel Photo Input / 4 Channel Relay Output Board                                                                                     |
| USB_8PI                             | 0x08                 | // USB 8 Channel Photo Input Board                                                                                                              |
| USB_8RO                             | 0x09                 | // USB 8 Channel Relay Output Board                                                                                                             |
| USB_16PI                            | 0x0A                 | // USB 16 Channel Photo Input Board                                                                                                             |
| USB_16RO                            | 0x0B                 | // USB 16 Channel Relay Output Board                                                                                                            |
| USB_32PI                            | 0x0C                 | // USB 32 Channel Photo Input Board                                                                                                             |
| USB_32RO                            | 0x0D                 | // USB 32 Channel Relay Output Board                                                                                                            |
| USB_IND                             | 0x0E                 | // USB Industry Board                                                                                                                           |
| USB_M_4IO                           | 0x10                 | // USB Mini 4 I/O                                                                                                                               |

Notice : Please use this function to open USB\_14ADDA or USB\_16ADDA.

# 4. Data Types of Function calls

Since the USBDII was developed in the C++ language, some data types used may not be present in the programming language you want to use. Please find the following data type conversion table for your convenience:

| HANDLE  | An opaque 32-bit integer                                 |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| BYTE    | A 8-bit unsigned integer                                 |
| BOOL    | A 32-bit integer, either 0 (FALSE) or 1 (TRUE)           |
| DWORD   | A 32-bit unsigned integer                                |
| HWND    | A 32-bit integer representing a valid handle to a Window |
| LPTSTR  | A 32-bit flat pointer to a zero terminated string        |
| LPBOOL  | A 32-bit flat pointer to a variable of type BOOL         |
| LPBYTE  | A 32-bit flat pointer to a variable of type BYTE         |
| LPDWORD | A 32-bit flat pointer to a variable of type DWORD        |

Also note that the DLL employs the Standard Call (Pascal) calling mechanism, which is used for all system. USBDII as well and is compatible with VB, VC, Delphi, .NET, and notice the variable with same type name may have different define in different program language. For example, in Visual Basic 6, the width of Integer is 16 bits and the width of Long is 32 bits, but in Visual Basic. Net, the width of Integer becomes 32 bits and the width of Long becomes 64 bits. If you declare variable with different width from our define, it may cause some run-time error.

# 5. Functions to open and close Devices

# hid\_OpenDevice

This function opens a device for further access by USB. Please do not use this function to open USB\_14ADDA or USB\_16ADDA.

#### **Declaration**

HANDLE hid\_OpenDevice ( DWORD device\_type, DWORD device id );

#### Parameters

 device\_type
 The type of the device to open.

 device\_id
 Device's id on the Board.

 For more information, please see "Device Type Table & ID Table" following below.

#### Return value

A valid handle representing the device, or INVALID\_HANDLE\_VALUE (-1) if an error occurred. For USB\_STARTER, there is no ID selection and device\_id = 0

#### Example

HANDLE hDevice = hid\_OpenDevice(Device Type, Device Index); if (hDevice == INVALID\_ HANDLE\_VALUE) { MessageBox (NULL,"Open Failed!","Error",MB\_OK); }

# hid CloseDevice

This function closes a device by USB.

**Declaration** 

BOOL hid\_CloseDevice (HANDLE hDevice)

Parameters hDevice A valid device handle.

Return value TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

Example hid CloseDevice(hDevice);

# com\_OpenDevice

This function opens a device for further access by Serial Port. Please use this function to open USB\_14ADDA or USB\_16ADDA.

#### **Declaration**

HANDLE com\_OpenDevice ( DWORD device\_type, DWORD device\_id, DWORD port\_num );

#### **Parameters**

| device_type | The type of the device to open.                                                  |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| device_id   | Device's id on the board.                                                        |
|             | For more information, please see "Device Type Table & ID Table" following below. |
| port_num    | Com Port Num to open.                                                            |

#### Return value

A valid handle representing the device, or INVALID\_HANDLE\_VALUE (-1) if an error occurred.

#### **Example**

HANDLE hDevice = com\_OpenDevice(Device Type, Device Index, 1); if (hDevice == INVALID\_ HANDLE\_VALUE)

MessageBox (NULL,"Open Failed!","Error",MB OK);

# com\_CloseDevice

This function closes a device by Serial Port.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL com\_CloseDevice(HANDLE hDevice)

#### **Parameters**

hDevice A valid device handle.

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

#### Example

com\_CloseDevice(hDevice);

#### **Remarks**

Please see "Serial\_Communication.pdf" to set hardware for serial communication, and USB\_LAB-KIT, USB\_STARTER, USB\_8PR are not supported by serial communication.

### **Device Type Table**

| Product     | device_type |
|-------------|-------------|
| USB_16PIO   | 0x01        |
| USB_LABKIT  | 0x02        |
| USB_16PR    | 0x03        |
| USB_STARTER | 0x04        |
| USB_8PR     | 0x06        |
| USB_4PR     | 0x07        |
| USB_8PI     | 0x08        |
| USB_8RO     | 0x09        |
| USB_16PI    | 0x0A        |
| USB_16RO    | 0x0B        |
| USB_32PI    | 0x0C        |
| USB_32RO    | 0x0D        |
| USB_IND     | 0x0E        |
| USB_M_4IO   | 0x10        |

# **Device ID Table** ( Switch Setting on the Device Board )



| Switch Setting    | device_id       |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1, 2, 3, 4 OFF    | 0               |
| 2, 3, 4 OFF, 1 ON | 1               |
| 1, 3, 4 OFF, 2 ON | 2               |
| 3, 4 OFF, 1, 2 ON | 3               |
| 1, 2, 4 OFF, 3 ON | 4               |
| 2, 4 OFF, 1, 3 ON | 5               |
| 1, 4 OFF, 2, 3 ON | 6               |
| 4 OFF, 2, 3, 4 ON | 7               |
| 1, 2, 3 OFF, 4 ON | 8               |
| 2, 3 OFF, 1, 4 ON | 9               |
| 1, 3 OFF, 2, 4 ON | 10              |
| 3 OFF, 1, 2, 4 ON | 11              |
| 1, 2 OFF, 3, 4 ON | 12              |
| 2 OFF, 1, 3, 4 ON | 13              |
| 1 OFF, 2, 3, 4 ON | 14              |
| 1, 2, 3, 4 ON     | Firmware update |

#### 6. Functions for digital input/output

# hid\_SetDigitalByte

This function sets or clears a byte on a digital output line by USB.

#### Declaration

BOOL hid SetDigitalByte (HANDLE hDevice, DWORD dwPort. BYTE byPortState );

#### **Parameters**

| hDevice     | A valid device handle, previously obtained from hid_OpenDeviceDevice         |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dwPort      | The index of the port on the card to manipulate. The first port has index 0. |
|             | For more information, please see "Write Address Table" following below.      |
| byPortState | The new state of the port                                                    |

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

If an error occurred, GetLastError() may return the following values:

ERROR INVALID PARAMETER - The handle passed was invalid, or the port number was out of range for the device selected.

#### Example

```
HANDLE hDevice = hid OpenDevice(0x01,0);
if (hDevice != INVALID HANDLE VALUE)
hid SetDigitalByte( hDevice, 0, 0xFF); // set's all bits on the first port
hid CloseDevice(hDevice);
```

}

# com\_SetDigitalByte

This function sets or clears a byte on a digital output line by Serial Port.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL com\_SetDigitalByte ( HANDLE hDevice, DWORD dwPort, BYTE byPortState );

#### **Parameters**

| hDevice     | A valid device handle, previously obtained from com_OpenDevice                   |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dwPort      | The index of the port on the card to manipulate. The first port has index 0. For |
|             | more information, please see "Write Address Table" following below.              |
| byPortState | The new state of the port                                                        |

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise. If an error occurred, GetLastError() may return the following values: ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER - The handle passed was invalid, or the port number was out of range for the device selected.

#### **Example**

```
HANDLE hDevice = com_OpenDevice(0x01,0);
if (hDevice != INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
{
    com_SetDigitalByte( hDevice, 0, 0xFF); // set's all bits on the first port
    com_CloseDevice(hDevice);
}
```

#### **Remarks**

Please see "Serial\_Communication.pdf" to set hardware for serial communication, and USB\_LAB-KIT, USB\_STARTER, USB\_8PR are not supported by serial communication.

# Write Address Table

| Product     | dwPort | Content        |
|-------------|--------|----------------|
| USB_16PIO   | 0x02   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
|             | 0x03   | OUT15 to OUT08 |
| USB_LABKIT  | 0x03   | P1D07 to P1D00 |
| USB_STARTER | 0x03   | P1D07 to P1D00 |
| USB_16PR    | 0x02   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
|             | 0x03   | OUT15 to OUT08 |
| USB_8PR     | 0x01   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
|             | 0x02   | DIO7 to DIO0   |
|             | 0x03   | DIO15 to DIO8  |
| USB_4PR     | 0x02   | OUT03 to OUT00 |
| USB_8RO     | 0x02   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
| USB_16RO    | 0x02   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
|             | 0x03   | OUT15 to OUT08 |
| USB_32RO    | 0x00   | OUT07 to OUT00 |
|             | 0x01   | OUT15 to OUT08 |
|             | 0x02   | OUT23 to OUT16 |
|             | 0x03   | OUT31 to OUT24 |
| USB_IND     | 0x00   | Port 0         |
|             | 0x01   | Port 1         |
|             | 0x02   | Port 2         |
|             | 0x03   | Port 3         |
|             | 0x04   | Port 4         |
|             | 0x05   | Port 5         |
|             | 0x06   | Port 6         |
|             | 0x07   | Port 7         |
|             | 0x08   | DIO            |
|             | 0x0D   | IOCONFIG       |
| USB_M_4IO   | 0x02   | OUT03 to OUT00 |

# hid\_GetDigitalByte

This function reads a complete byte from a digital input port of a device by USB.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL hid\_GetDigitalByte ( HANDLE hDevice, DWORD dwPort, LPBYTE lpbyPortState );

#### Parameters

| hDevice       | A valid device handle, previously obtained from hid_OpenDeviceDevice        |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dwPort T      | he index of the port on the card to manipulate. The first port has index 0. |
|               | For more information, please see "Read Address Table" following below.      |
| lpbyPortState | A pointer to a variable of type BYTE receiving the new state of the port    |

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

If an error occurred, GetLastError() may return the following values:

ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER – The handle passed was invalid, or the port number was out of range for the device selected.

#### Example

HANDLE hDevice = hid\_OpenDevice(0x01,0); if (hDevice != INVALID\_HANDLE\_VALUE) {

hid\_GetDigitalByte( hDevice, 0, &byState); // reads the state of the first input port hid\_ CloseDevice(hDevice);

}

# com\_GetDigitalByte

This function reads a complete byte from a digital input port of a device by Serial Port.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL com\_GetDigitalByte ( HANDLE hDevice, DWORD dwPort, LPBYTE lpbyPortState );

#### Parameters

| hDevice       | A valid device handle, previously obtained from com_OpenDevice               |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dwPort        | The index of the port on the card to manipulate. The first port has index 0. |
|               | For more information, please see "Read Address Table" following below.       |
| lpbyPortState | A pointer to a variable of type BYTE receiving the new state of the port     |

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

If an error occurred, GetLastError() may return the following values:

 ${\sf ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER-The\ handle\ passed\ was\ invalid,\ or\ the\ port\ number\ was\ out\ of\ range\ for\ the\ device\ selected.}$ 

#### Example

HANDLE hDevice = com\_OpenDevice(0x01,0); if (hDevice != INVALID\_HANDLE\_VALUE) { com\_GetDigitalByte( hDevice, 0, &byState); // reads the state of the first input port com\_CloseDevice(hDevice); }

#### Remarks

Please see "Serial\_Communication.pdf" to set hardware for serial communication, and USB\_LAB-KIT, USB\_STARTER, USB\_8PR are not supported by serial communication.

# **Read Address Table**

| Product     | dwPort | Content           |
|-------------|--------|-------------------|
| USB_16PIO   | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
|             | 0x01   | IN15 to IN08      |
| USB_LABKIT  | 0x02   | P0D07 to P0D00    |
| USB_STARTER | 0x02   | P0D07 to P0D00    |
| USB_16PR    | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
|             | 0x01   | IN15 to IN08      |
| USB_8PR     | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
|             | 0x02   | DIO7 to DIO0      |
|             | 0x03   | DIO15 to DIO8     |
|             | 0x10   | JP9/JP10 Settings |
| USB_4PR     | 0x00   | IN03 to IN00      |
| USB_8PI     | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
| USB_16PI    | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
|             | 0x01   | IN15 to IN08      |
| USB_32PI    | 0x00   | IN07 to IN00      |
|             | 0x01   | IN15 to IN08      |
|             | 0x02   | IN23 to IN16      |
|             | 0x03   | IN31 to IN24      |
| USB_IND     | 0x00   | Port 0            |
|             | 0x01   | Port 1            |
|             | 0x02   | Port 2            |
|             | 0x03   | Port 3            |
|             | 0x04   | Port 4            |
|             | 0x05   | Port 5            |
|             | 0x06   | Port 6            |
|             | 0x07   | Port 7            |
|             | 0x08   | DIO               |
|             | 0x0D   | IOCONFIG          |

|           | 0x10 | Port 0 default value         |
|-----------|------|------------------------------|
|           | 0x11 | Port 1 default value         |
|           | 0x12 | Port 2 default value         |
|           | 0x13 | Port 3 default value         |
|           | 0x14 | Port 4 default value         |
|           | 0x15 | Port 5 default value         |
|           | 0x16 | Port 6 default value         |
|           | 0x17 | Port 7 default value         |
|           | 0x18 | Port DIO default value       |
|           | 0x19 | Input/output default setting |
| USB_M_4IO | 0x00 | IN03 to IN00                 |

#### **Remarks**

In USB\_8PR, we provide 2 digital ports for user to define either as input or output. It can be defined by Jumper 10 and Jumper 11 on the board. And we can use hid\_GetDigitalByte / com\_GetDigitalByte function to read Jumper State to determine witch port is either input or output.

hid\_GetDigitalByte( hDevice, 0x10, &byState); // or use com\_GetDigitalByte for serial communication

When JP9 is closed, DIO7 - DIO0 is for Input.The fifth bit of byState is 0When JP9 is opened, DIO7 - DIO0 is for Output.The fifth bit of byState is 1When JP10 is closed, DIO15 - DIO8 is for Input.The sixth bit of byState is 0When JP10 is opened, DIO15 - DIO8 is for Output.The sixth bit of byState is 1

# 7. Functions for reset hardware device

### hid\_ResetHW

This function directly resets the hardware device by USB. And all channels on the board will load default value. If you need to control the device again, please use hid\_open to get the handle again.

#### Declaration

BOOL hid\_ResetHW(HANDLE hDevice)

#### Parameters

hDevice A valid device handle.

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

#### Example

hid\_ResetHW (hDevice);

------

# com\_ResetHW

This function directly resets the hardware device by Serial Port. And all channels on the board will load default value.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL com\_ResetHW(HANDLE hDevice)

Parameters hDevice A valid device handle.

Return value TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise.

Example\_ com\_ResetHW(hDevice);

# 8. Functions for analog input/output

# hid\_GetAnalogChannel

This function reads a complete word from an analog input port of a device by USB.

#### **Declaration**

BOOL hid\_GetAnalogChannel ( HANDLE hDevice, DWORD dwPort, LPDWORD lpdwPortState );

#### Parameters

hDeviceA valid device handle, previously obtained from hid\_OpenDeviceDevice dw-PortThe index of the port on the card to manipulate. The first port has index 0.IpdwPortStateA pointer to a variable of type DWORD receiving the new state of the port

#### Return value

TRUE if successful, FALSE otherwise. If an error occurred, GetLastError() may return the following values: ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER - The handle passed was invalid, or the port number was out of range for the device selected.

#### **Example**

```
HANDLE hDevice = hid_OpenDevice(0x02,0); // USB_LABKIT
if (hDevice != INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
{
hid_GetAnalogChannel ( hDevice, 0, &dwState); // reads the state of the first analog input port
hid_CloseDevice (hDevice);
}
```

#### <u>Remarks</u>

This function now only enable in USB\_LABKIT and USB\_STARTER device. The range of dwPort is from 0~7.